Salford City Council

Calling the tune: consulting on the Budget

Report of the Lead Member for Corporate Services Councillor Derek Antrobus

Contents

Section	Page
1. Introduction	3
2. Why consult?	. 3
3. Who is consulted?	5
4. When are citizens consulted?	6
5. How citizens are consulted	8
6. How consultation is followed up	9
7. Background documents	9
Appendix A: Guidance Notes	10
Appendix B: List of consultees	12

1. Introduction

Salford City Council has developed over recent years an increasingly open approach to the building up of its annual Budget. This paper seeks to set out as clearly as possible the rationale behind consultation and the process being used. It is hoped that this will both make it clear what citizens have the right to expect and inform the practices of the directorates of the City Council.

The commitment to consultation on the Budget is a fairly recent one. It began modestly in 1996 when the then chairman of the Finance Committee, Councillor Bernard Pennington, called public meetings at the Lancastrian Hall to seek comments on the budget proposals. This was the culmination of a process of change which had gradually encompassed all Members of the Council in determining the Budget. This is compared to the practice of twenty years ago when the City Council's Budget was shrouded in as much secrecy as that of the Chancellor of the Exchequer!

Public meetings to engage opinion on the proposals have now become part and parcel of the Budget process and, in addition, the Council seeks to give widespread publicity through the local media and its website to the issues we face. The consultation has been extended to enable representations to be made at the earliest stage in the process when the City Council is developing its strategy. We have also opened up membership of the Council's Budget Committee to representatives of business, trade unions and the voluntary sector.

Given the ad hoc developments which have taken place, it would appear to be useful to consolidate our approach within a single document. It is not intended that this should be the last word on consultation processes. Indeed, it hoped that this document will stimulate debate to enable us to continually improve and extend consultation.

2. Why consult?

Consultation is generally regarded as a good thing and has been adopted as a principle by many organisations. A great danger is that consultation

can become a fashionable adjunct to decision-making rather than a useful tool. Too often, organisations 'go through the motions' of consultation without purpose or commitment. It is absolutely vital that there are clear objectives behind the consultation. Suggestions for these can range from the cynical to the grandiose.

At one extreme, there will be consultation because organisations have to consult – usually because of legislation. If that is the motivation then consultation is likely to be rudimentary and a matter of form. Others might consult in order to evade responsibility. They effectively put the decision into the hands of others. Salford City Council rejects both of these approaches. We voluntarily engage in consultation because we think it is right, it is useful and it helps us to make better decisions. Councillors, however, are elected to make those decisions and the final judgment on the Budget must be in the hands of the City Council which is directly accountable to the people of Salford through the ballot box.

We believe that there are more compelling reasons for consultation. We hope that through extensive consultation we can build up **public awareness** of the issues we face. This is fundamental to the need for encouraging active citizenship. Apathy – at election time and in political participation – is a threat to local democracy. Poor turnout in local elections calls into question the legitimacy of local government and some would use this as an excuse to remove some of local government's functions. But that would simply remove people's opportunity to have a say in the number of services and the types of service to be provided to the city. We believe that local democracy does matter and we should show through the Budget how it matters. Budget decisions touch on the lives of all citizens from the moment they walk out of their front doors in the morning. In promoting awareness of the Budget, we make the connections between the daily experience of everyday services, the taxes paid for them, and the participation of citizens in the democratic process.

We can also draw on the knowledge and experience of the public as users of services and staff as providers of services to **provide information** on how robust Budget proposals are. Managers and councillors do their best to ensure that proposals in Budget are viable and judgements about the relative merits of competing proposals are right. What is persuasive in an official report, however, does not always stand up to the scrutiny of those who are directly affected by the proposals, whether they be users of a

service, providers of a service or, indeed, alternative providers. Proposals can have unforeseen consequences and constraints which can result in the objective behind the proposal not being met. We seek, therefore, to draw on the expertise and experience of users to ensure proposals are robust.

We also seek **legitimacy** by using consultation to gauge public support for the options. Some local authorities have moved down the road of holding a referendum on the Budget. This type of exercise, though, offers limited options whose selection voters cannot influence. There is also a tendency to offer extreme options which tends to guarantee a majority for the middle option, usually that preferred by the Council. We believe that engaging with citizens in a more open way and using a variety of consultative mechanisms are the best ways to assure ourselves that the City Council's decisions reflect the priorities of the people of Salford.

3. Who is consulted?

The principal purpose of this process is to be as inclusive as possible. All those who have a stake in the Budget should have the opportunity to contribute: this includes citizens, users of specific services and the providers of specific services. This principle has been adopted by the City Council but we continue to learn how best to put this into practice.

The City Council needs to ensure that its proposals represent the broad opinion of the public. The ultimate test is the ballot box. We will, however, ensure that all citizens have the opportunity to have their say, individually and collectively. We will pay particular attention to ensuring we have effective consultation with those groups with perspectives that may differ from the dominant assumptions about public opinion. Such groups would include women, younger people, older people, ethnic minorities, and the disabled. We will be proactive in identifying and encouraging participation by such groups.

The City Council is committed to developing its relationship with the business community whose contributions are important both as users and providers of council services. The tax paid by business – the National Non-Domestic Rate (NNDR) - is set nationally and collected by the Council as agents of the Government. This money is then redistributed to

councils according to a formula. The Government has indicated a willingness to restore some control over the NNDR to local government. A strong relationship with the local business community is essential to promote cooperation on the use of any new powers.

Employees of the Council have the right to be consulted not only because Budget decisions can affect their livelihood, terms and conditions, but because they can make a positive contribution through their insights into the practicalities of service provision.

Other agencies, both voluntary and statutory, are affected by Budget decisions – either because they are directly funded by the City Council or because they work in partnership with the authority. Budget decisions may also have implications for the services provided for other agencies – for example, leading to an increase in demand for their services.

4. When are citizens consulted?

Stage one

The budgetary process begins after the Council's summer recess when a report is made to the City Council on the issues it is likely to face in the forthcoming budget round. This report seeks to identify:

- the likely demands on the Council's resources; and
- an estimate of the resources available to the Council.

It will seek views on:

- the strategy that should be adopted (including the level of spending and level of tax set as an objective);
- the robustness of assumptions made;
- the priorities for allocating resources.

This report will then be submitted for consultation and Cabinet will recommend a firm strategy to the City Council at a later meeting.

Stage Two

Once the Revenue Support Grant settlement is announced by the Government (usually in December), a report will be submitted to Cabinet which outlines:

- the total resources available to the Council;
- the Government's assumptions about national Council Tax levels;
- the estimated base budget;
- the level of savings required/growth possible to match resources to the base budget;
- the options available showing a range of levels of spending, the Council Tax for each level, the consequences in terms of savings or growth.

The Cabinet will then recommend to Council that more detailed proposals identifying specific savings proposals and growth bids should be prepared on a range of options. This will form the basis of a consultation, probably in early February.

Report back

A Report on Consultation will be made publicly available. It will summarise the representations received, and respond to technical or information points.

The results of the consultation will be reported to Cabinet which will then propose a Budget to the Council before the end of February and agree a response to the Consultation Report indicating how it has responded to the issues raised.

Continuous monitoring

Monthly meetings will be held of the Budget Committee which will:

- satisfy itself that there are no significant variations from the Budget;
- where there are, call for action plans from directorates to remedy the variation;

- satisfy itself that such action plans are viable;
- satisfy itself that specific proposals for change in the Budget are effectively implemented.

The Budget Committee shall issue a Report after each meeting which shall be publicly available. The membership of the Budget Committee shall be open to major stakeholders in the Budget, including the voluntary sector, the business community and employees.

5. How citizens are consulted

All citizens as taxpayers will have the opportunity to influence the Budget of the City Council. To this end we will:

- write to every household inviting citizens to register on a panel which will automatically receive key consultation documents. This will normally be done with the Council Tax bill or any correspondence from the Council Tax office;
- invite such registration through the City Council's magazine Salford People, the Council's website and the media;
- invite directly citizens and groups who have registered an interest to participate in seminars on the Stage Two consultation and provide the relevant documentation;
- arrange seminars for specific groups where these have been requested;
- use innovative ways of encouraging participation by groups often excluded, drawing (for example) on the experience of consultation for the Unitary Development Plan in involving young people and using existing forums and centres of youth activity;
- publish documents on the Council's website and make them available to the local media, including publications by voluntary groups such as the Salford Talking Newspaper;
- ensure that, through a 'Freepost' address and an interactive web page, it is as easy as possible for the public to respond;
- use the results of existing surveys of the opinions of Salford people.

As consumers of services, citizens should have the opportunity to have their say on specific proposals. To this end we will:

- require Directors to indicate in their submissions to the Budget Committee and Cabinet the specific consultation that has taken place with users of the service;
- require Directors to report on any survey of opinion that is relevant to proposals they are putting forward.

As employees of the Council, we will seek to ensure that staff comments on proposals are channelled through the appropriate consultative committees and through direct representation on the Budget Committee. Employees who are citizens of Salford have the same rights as other citizens to be involved in wider consultation.

6. How is consultation followed up?

It is not enough for the public to have an opportunity to put their views forward. They have a right to know what the Council's response is to those views and why the Council has responded in a particular way – hence the proposal for a formal Report on Consultation which will be made publicly available and copies sent to those who request it.

7. Background documents

Audit Commission (1999) Listen Up: Effective Community Consultation, London.

Department of Environment, Transport and the Regions (1998) Guidance on Enhancing Public Participation in Local Government, London.

Local Government Association (1998) Listening to business: building stronger partnerships between local government and business, London.

Appendix A: Guidance notes

Documentation

All documentation should be written in plain English
Documents should be available in languages other than English
Documents should be accessible for those with special needs
Documents should be published on the Intranet so they can be available at any Council office

Seminars

Seminars should be well advertised with appropriate accommodation arranged in advance for certainty of information

Seminars should be clearly signposted with adequate staff on duty to register the public

Seminars should be arranged in small groups of no more than 25 and seating should be in the round to facilitate discussion and maximise the opportunity for everyone to contribute

Each seminar should be attended by at least one Lead Member and one finance officer.

The Budget Committee

The Budget Committee shall be responsible for monitoring the implementation of the Budget; assessing the viability of Budget proposals, and making a response to the Budget consultation.

Its membership shall include all political parties on the Council, representatives of staff unions, the voluntary sector and the business community.

Its members shall receive adequate training in budgetary issues and scrutiny techniques.

It will be chaired by an elected member who is not a member of the Executive (ie neither a Lead Member nor Deputy Lead Member).

The Committee will issue a Report, which will be publicly available, after each meeting. The Report will comment on:

- the Committee's overall view of the progress of the Budget;
- any specific recommendations that the Committee wishes to make to Cabinet or Council;
- the management of the budget of each directorate, referring to variations in budgets, slippage on specific proposals and the effectiveness of action to remedy variations and slippage; and
- any matter within the competence of the Committee.

Appendix B: List of consultees

A number of individuals have asked, as a result of the leaflets included with Council Tax Bills and general publicity, to be consulted on the Budget. For obvious reasons, their personal details are not published here.

Below is a list of organisations which were consulted directly or indirectly last year (because they are represented on Community Committees) on the Budget. We would welcome suggestions for extending the list. We appreciate that this list may require updating.

Leisure

Albert Park Vets Bowling Club Amblecote Rangers FC **Boothstown Festival Committee** . Boothstown Fun Run Committee Boothstown Lads' Senior FC **Boothstown Project** Worsley/Walkden Community Choir **English Amateur Dancesport Association** Friends of Blackleach Grove Boxing Club Irlam and Cadishead Local History Society Irlam Writers' Group Manchester and District Swimming and Water Polo Association Northern Counties Facilities Committee **Ordsall Community Arts** Spanish Conversation Group Wise Monkey Theatre Group Worsley ASC

Environmental Groups

Irlam and Cadishead Natural History Association Salford and Trafford Groundwork Trust Walkden Monument Restoration Committee Worsley Civic Trust

Business

Business Link Salford
Danceworld UK
Hulton District Centre
Langworthy Road Shop Traders
Manchester TEC
Mocha Parade Business Watch
Salford 'Black Cab' Driver/Owners
Salford Shopping City
United Northwest Co-op

Unions

Salford Trades Union Council UNISON

Tenants & Residents Associations

Agecroft Residents Association Albert Park Residents' Association Alliance Community Tenants Association ALMA **Amblecote Community Association** Apple Tree Court Tenant Management Co-operative **Armitage Residents Association Astley Court Residents Associations Athole Street Tenants Association Barton Fields Residents Association Beech Court Tenants Associations** Beech Farm Residents' Association Bickershaw Residents' Committee Birch Road Estate Residents Association Boothstown Residents' Association Boothstown Tenants' Association **Brindley Residents Association** Brookhouse Tenants' Association Broomedge Residents Association **Brydon Close Tenants Association Bryony Close**

Bury New Road Tenants' Association Camp Street Residents' Association Canon Green Tenants' Association Canterbury Gardens Tenants Association Central Walkden Residents Church Street Tenants' Association Cliffside Residents' Association Clifton 2000 Cloughfield Tenant Association College Croft Tenants Association **DATA Duchy Community Group Eccles Forum ECCTA** Ellesmere Park Community in Action Ellesmere Residents Association **Ennismore Close Residents Association** Fitzwarren Court Tenants Association Gerald Road Residents Association Hanover Court Tenants & Residents Association Highcedars Ltd Hill Street Residents Association **Holm Court Tenants Association** Hornbeam Court Tenants Association Irwell Valley Residents Association Kellets Residents Association Kembal House Tenants Association Kenyon Residents Association Kersal Cell Tenants Association Kimberley Norton Residents Association **Linen Court Residents Association** Littleton Road Action Group Lombardy Court Residents Association Magnolia Court Tenants Association Malus Court Tenants Association Minoan Gardens Residents Association Monton Village Community Association Monton Village Residents Association Moorside Residents Association Moorside South Residents Association

Moss Meadow Estate Residents Association Moss Vale Residents Association Mount Skip Residents **Mulberry Court Tenants Association** New Barracks Tenants Management Co-op New Weaste Tenants Association Newlands Residents Association North East Ordsall Tenants Association Oakhill Court Tenants Association **OPTRA** Ordsall Lane Tenants Association Paddockfield Tenants Association Parkfield Residents Association Peach Tree Court Tenants Association Peel Residents Association Philip Street Residents Association Plum Tree Court Tenants Association Poets Corner Residents Association Precinct Forum Rainbow Residents Action Group Salix Court Tenants Association South Clarendon Tenants Association Southgarth Residents Association Southway Tenants Association Spike Island and Riverside Residents Association **Spruce Court Tenants Association Sutton Residents Association Sycamore Court Tenants Association** Teneriffe Estate Tenants and Residents Association The De Traffords Residents Association The Horseshoe Residents Association The Park Residents Association The Valley Residents Association Thorn Court Residents Association **Trinity Court Residents** Victoria Lodge Tenants Association Wellington Street West Residents Association Westwood Park Community Association Whit Lane Residents Association Wiltshire Street Residents Association

Windsor Albion Tenant Management Co-operative Worsley Village Community Association Zebra Street Area Residents Association

Health, Community and Social Services

A to Z Counselling

Aguda Community Services

Albert Park Credit Union

Arthritis and Rheumatism Council

Attention Deficient Disorder Support Group

Beis Rochel

Beis Rochel Satiner

Belz Communities

Bikur Cholim & Gemiluth Trust Chessed Advice

Binok of Manchester

Boothstown Luncheon/Elderly Group

British Red Cross Society

Catholic Handicapped Fellowship

Community Drugs Team

DIAL

Fiddlers Lane Parents Group

Greater Manchester Police

Irlam and Cadishead Carers Group

Irlam Probus Club

Jewish Marriage Council

Lower Broughton Health Centre

Mandley Park Credit Union

MENCAP

Oporto House

Ordsall Resource Centre

Probation Service

Relate

Safer Salford

Salford and Trafford Health Authority

Salford Citizens' Advice Bureau

Salford Community Health Council

Salford Community Health Project

Salford Community Transport

Salford Consortium

Salford CVS
Salford Disabled Motorists
Salford Royal Hospitals NHS Trust
Salford Talking Newspaper for the Blind
Salford TUC Centre for the Unemployed
Salford Victims Support
St George's Church and Family Centre
Swinton Enterprises
Zichron Yechezel

Older People

Care for the Elderly Association Irlam Old Age Pensioners Irlam Retired Persons Group Salford Forum for Elderly People Salford Pensioners

Women's Groups

Eccles Townswomen's Guild Little Hulton Women and Family Centre Salford Women's Aid Salford Women's Centre

Education

All schools in the city
Boothstown Methodist PTA
Salford College
SETAS
University of Salford
Eccles College
Special Needs Jewish School
Playgroups

Youth Groups

1st Worsley Scout Group Little Hulton 7-11 Project Under-8s Play
District Guide Associations

Ethnic Groups

Eccles Link Project Salford Link Project

Religious Groups

Eccles 'Churches Together'
Salford Urban Mission
St Andrew's Church, Walkden
St Ignatius Church, Ordsall
St John's Church, Walkden

Housing Groups

Salford Community Housing Association Irwell Valley Housing Association Housing for Under Privileged Agudas Israel Housing Association